# Madrid: fostering alternative energy vehicles for urban mobility

The improvement of Air Quality in European Union cities Brussels, 7 May 2019



# **Major sources of pollution**

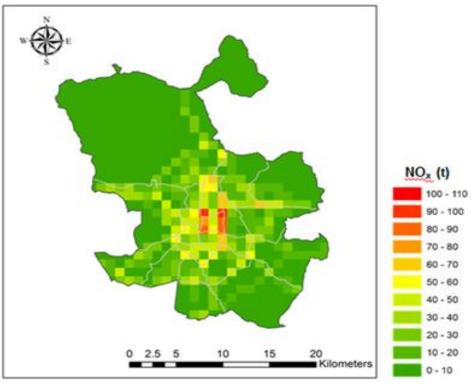


•Road traffic is the main contributor of emissions in Madrid city (year

2017):

- 46.9 % of NO<sub>X</sub>

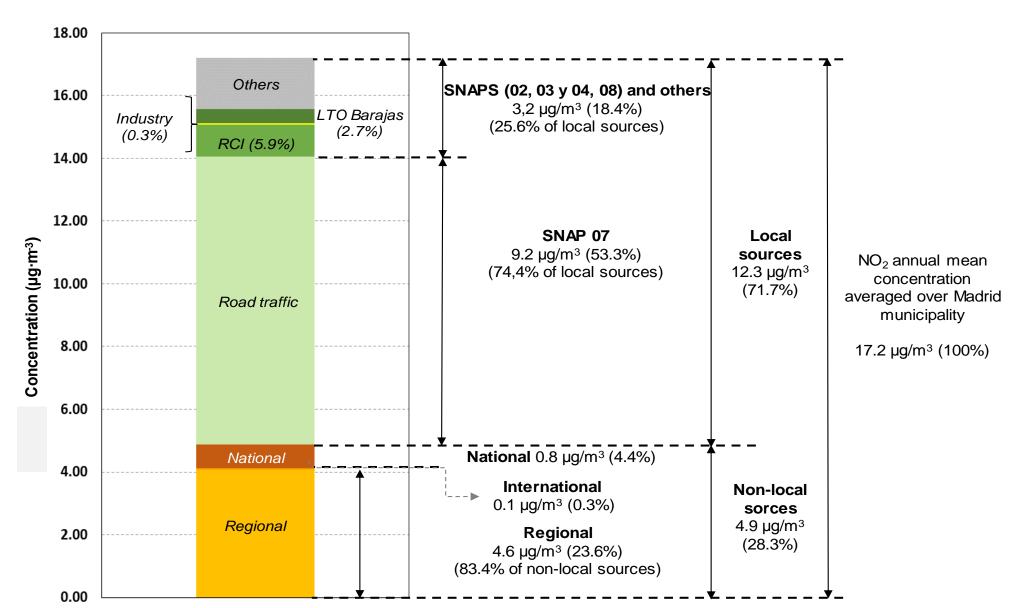
- 52.4 % of PM<sub>2.5</sub> (exhaust)



Followed by Non-road transport (26,5% of NOx)



#### **SOURCE CONTRIBUTION NO2** annual mean







#### AIR QUALITY AND CLIMATE CHANGE PLAN FOR THE CITY OF MADRID



#### **PLAN A**

- Integration of AQ and CC policies
- Public health approach
- Combined actions for a new urban model



#### Health protection, environmental quality, resilience

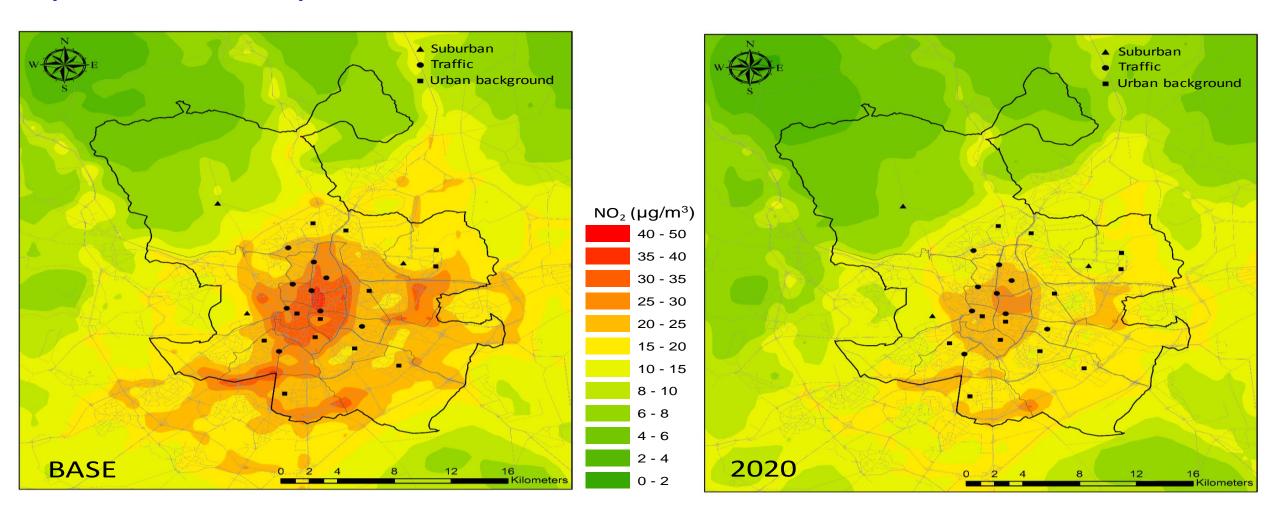


- MADRID
- GHG emissions reduction over 40% in 2030, whit respect to 1990 (European Climate Agenda)
- Fulfillment of the EU regulated values for all pollutants
- Fulfillment of the WHO guideline values for particulate material PM10 and PM2.5 (stricter than the European limits)
- Local commitment to get a 50% reduction of road traffic GHG emissions in 2030 with respect to 2012





NO<sub>2</sub> annual mean (annual limit value for the protection of human health). (Reduction of 23 %)



### 30 measures



#### 1: Mobility (21 measures)

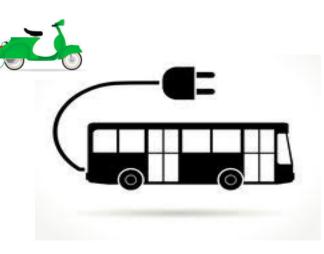
#### **Priority actions:**

•To reduce intensity of private motor vehicles traffic and promote public transport and active mobility modes (pedestraian and bicycle)



Promoting alternative energy vehicles



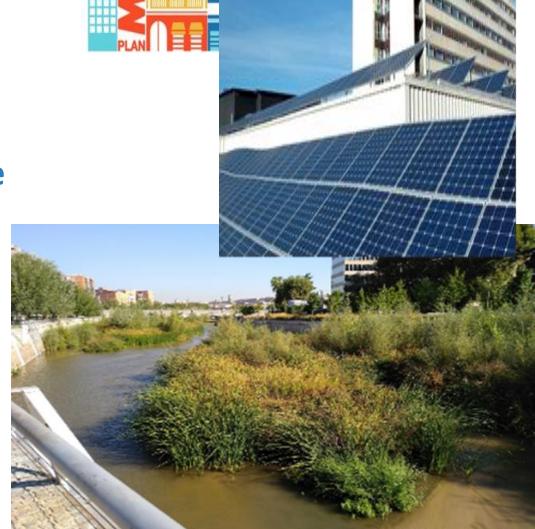




2: Urban regeneration/ Low emissions urban management (7 measures)

**3:** Nature based solutions for Climate Change adaptation

4: Information, raising public awareness and cooperation with others administrations





# Policies

# Procurement

Alternative vehicles

Public-Private initiatives

Pilot projects

# **POLICIES AND REGULATIONS**





ON STREET PARKING POLICIES WITH ENVIRONMENTAL CRITERIA







-ECO:



C:



B:



# MADRID







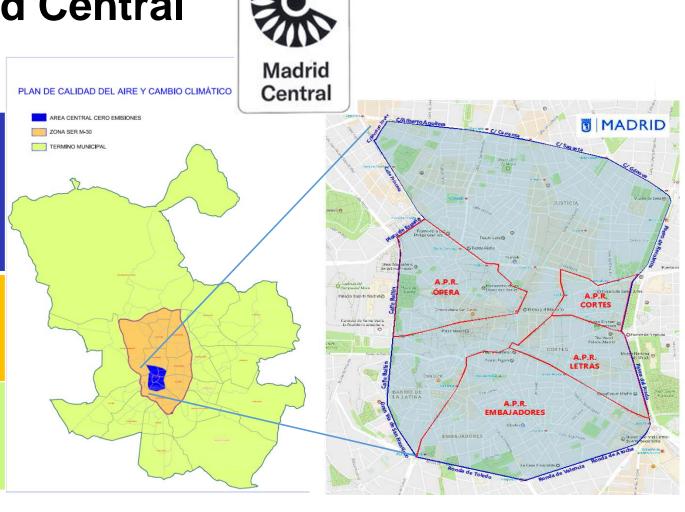


#### **LEZ Madrid Central**

LEZ Madrid CentralResidential priorityLow emissions Zone

**Inner ring M-30** 

**Madrid Municipality** 



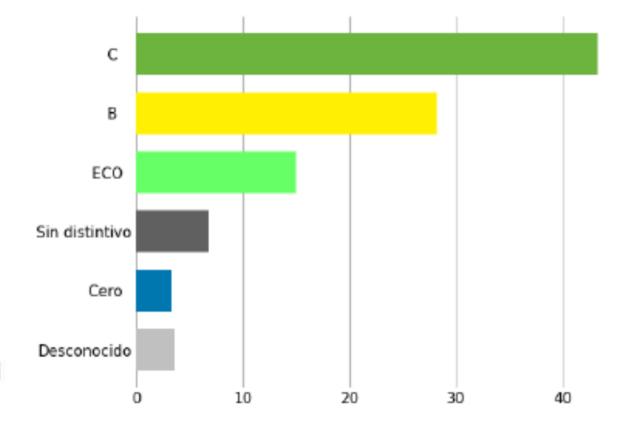
- √ 480 ha (vs. current 200 ha APR)
- ✓ Affecting the most pollutant vehicles
- Simplicity and resources saving (permits ) by City Council
- ✓ Easy identification and comprehensive by citizens: less mistakes and fines
- ✓ Scalability and flexibility
- ✓ Coherence with the High Pollution Episodes' Protocol

20% traffic reduction, 37% reduction in veh-km almost 40% reduction in NOx











# **PROCUREMENT**





- 275 E-Vehicles
- 23 E-motorbikes
- 242 charging points in 58 facilities









- 1.340 CNG buses (65,3 % of the fleet)
- 18 mini-bus and 20 electric buses
- + 35 electric buses in 2019
- Electric depot (La Elipa) construction approval



# PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS





- Public land granting for natural gas stations
- 10 CNG stations of public access
- 29 LPG supply points in petrol stations



# **PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS**









- The state of the s
- 18 municipal rapid charging points in private sites (agreement for use)
- 24 rapid charging points on Street managed by private operators

# PILOT PROJECTS





# **ECCENTRIC**



# WP title INCLUSIVE URBAN PLANNING & MOBILITY MANAGEMENT MOBILITY AS A SERVICE FOR AND BY ALL ENABLING SAFE WALKING AND CYCLING EFFICIENT AND CLEAN PUBLIC TRANSPORT SOLUTIONS PROMOTING THE UPTAKE OF

**ELECTRIC VEHICLES** 

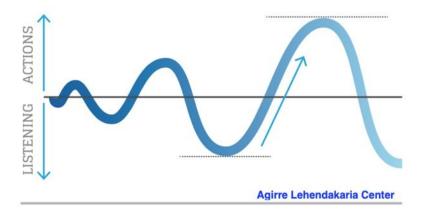
TOWARDS ZERO EMISSIONS

URBAN FREIGHT LOGISTICS

#### PILOT PROJECTS



The deeper the listening, the more transformative the actions





Madrid Air Quality and Climate Change Plan (Plan A)















- Adaptive capacity learning by doing
- Space for new public –private collaboration, co-creation
- Triggers for systemic change through community listening
- Communication and social engagement
- Technical support with social perspective of large projects



Portfolio of options for decision makers based on solid foundation

